

BUMA

Delta Dunia



PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk

First Quarter 2020 Performance

June 2020

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Company overview

Key investment highlights

Financial overview

Appendix

- PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama (“BUMA”), a subsidiary of PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk, operates as a provider for coal mining services and carries out comprehensive scope of work from overburden removal, coal mining, coal hauling as well as reclamation and land rehabilitation.
- BUMA’s network of customers are leading coal concession companies in Indonesia such as Berau Coal, Adaro, Bayan, Kideco, Geo Energy, and others.
- By end of 2019, BUMA is second largest independent contractor working with 8 (eight) different customers on 11 (eleven) mining sites located entirely in Kalimantan with c.15% market share.
- Supported by around 12,500 employees¹ and close to 2,900 units² of high quality mining machinery and equipment.

Notes:

1. Number of employees as of March 31, 2020
2. Number of equipment as of March 31, 2020

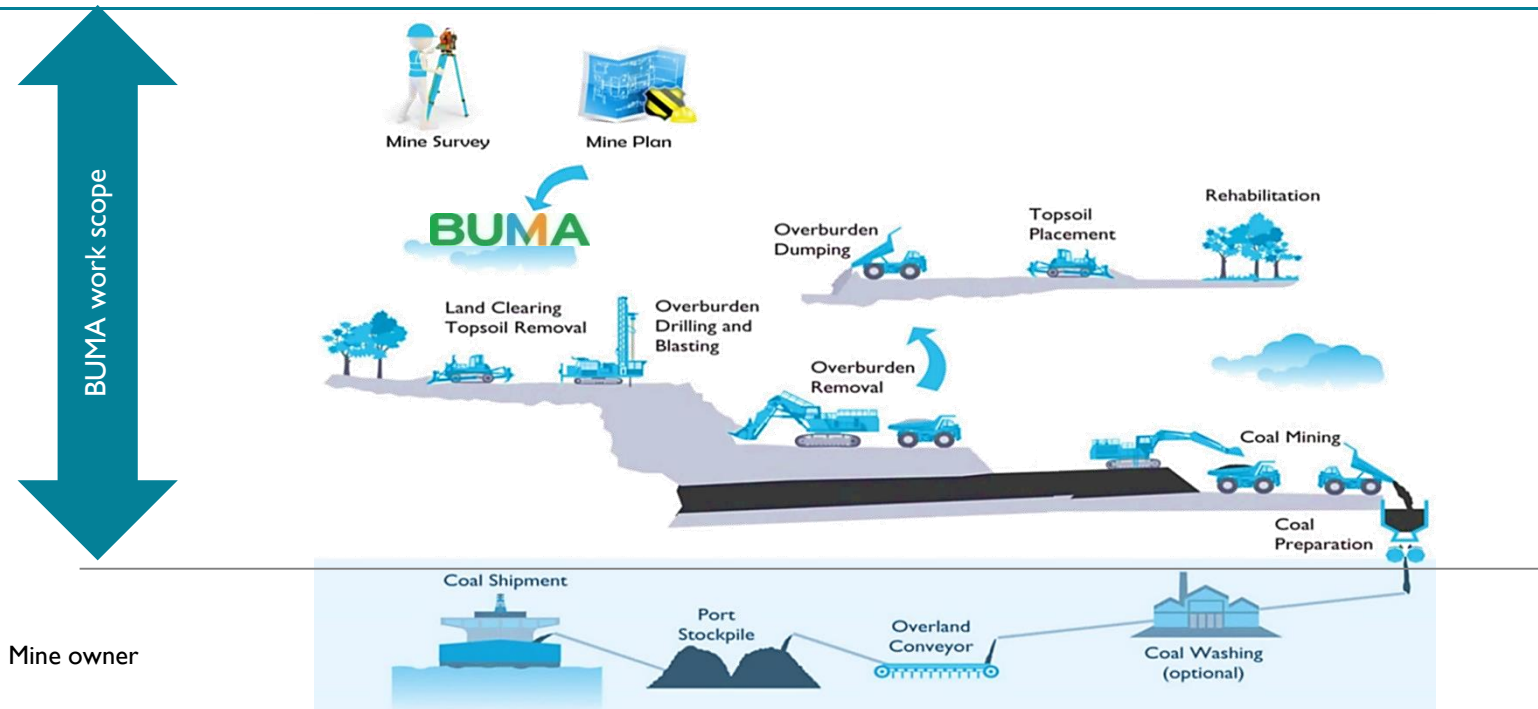
Business overview

Planning and scheduling of mining operations within parameters set by the mine owners

Provide overburden removal, coal mining and coal transportation services

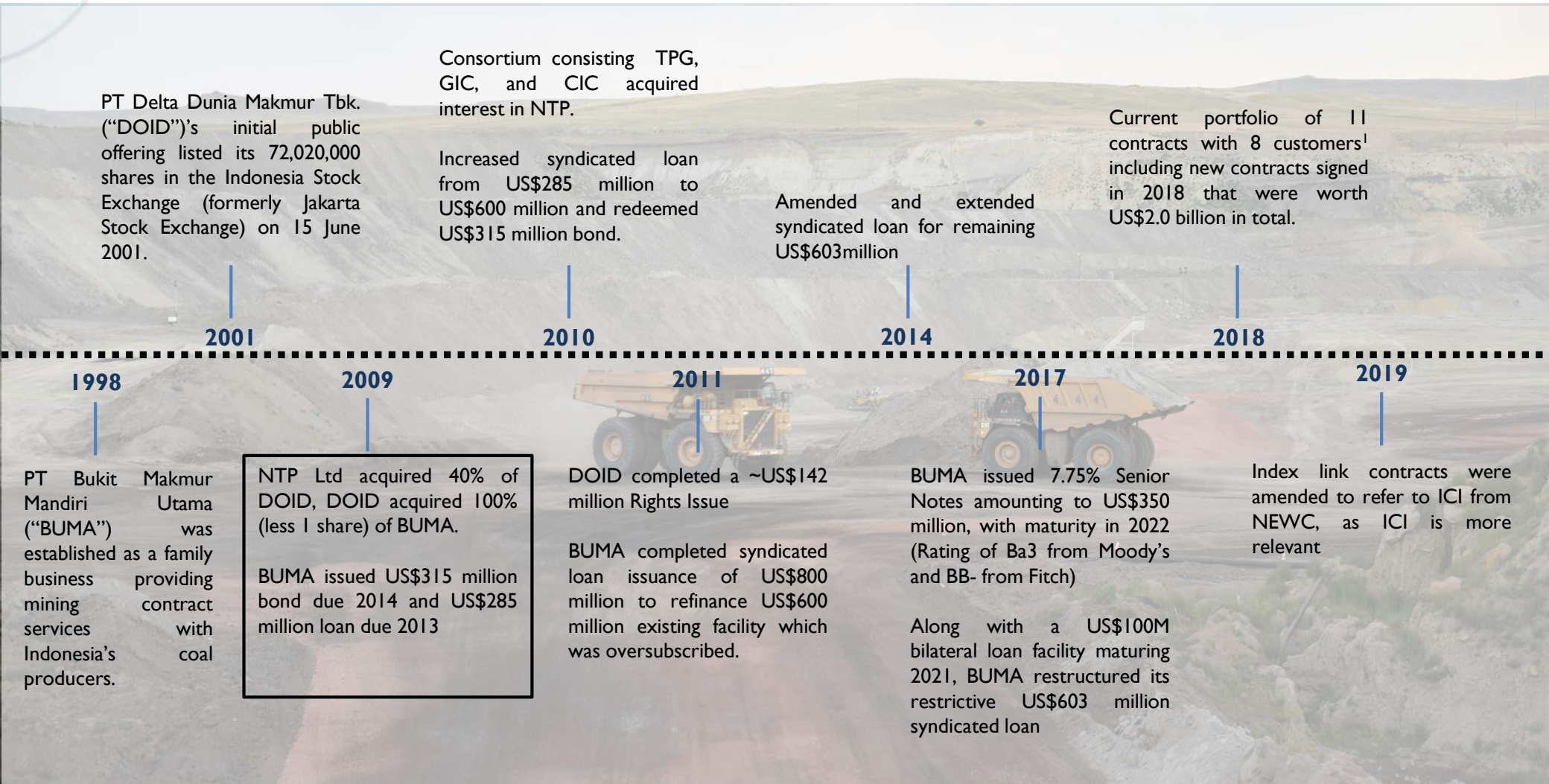
Coal mining contract miners play a critical role in the Indonesian coal industry, producing ~90% of coal output

BUMA work scope covers the full mining production spectrum¹



BUMA allows mining companies to efficiently manage capital by focusing on asset development and reducing capital investment on fixed assets

¹ Mining is carried out by mine owner with BUMA people/equipment under equipment rental arrangements



2001
 PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk. (“DOID”)’s initial public offering listed its 72,020,000 shares in the Indonesia Stock Exchange (formerly Jakarta Stock Exchange) on 15 June 2001.

2010
 Consortium consisting TPG, GIC, and CIC acquired interest in NTP.

2010
 Increased syndicated loan from US\$285 million to US\$600 million and redeemed US\$315 million bond.

2014
 Amended and extended syndicated loan for remaining US\$603million

2018
 Current portfolio of 11 contracts with 8 customers¹ including new contracts signed in 2018 that were worth US\$2.0 billion in total.

1998

PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama (“BUMA”) was established as a family business providing mining contract services with Indonesia’s coal producers.

2009

2009
 NTP Ltd acquired 40% of DOID, DOID acquired 100% (less 1 share) of BUMA.
 BUMA issued US\$315 million bond due 2014 and US\$285 million loan due 2013

2011

2011
 DOID completed a ~US\$142 million Rights Issue
 BUMA completed syndicated loan issuance of US\$800 million to refinance US\$600 million existing facility which was oversubscribed.

2014

2014
 BUMA issued 7.75% Senior Notes amounting to US\$350 million, with maturity in 2022 (Rating of Ba3 from Moody’s and BB- from Fitch)

2014
 Along with a US\$100M bilateral loan facility maturing 2021, BUMA restructured its restrictive US\$603 million syndicated loan

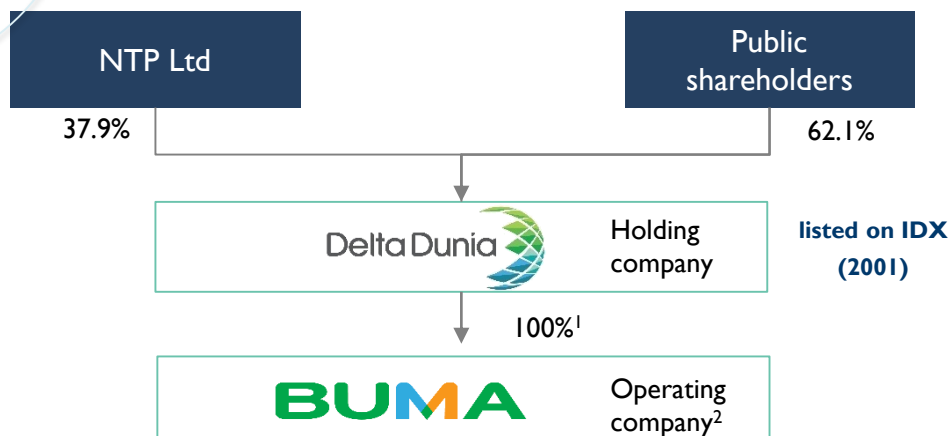
2018

2018
 Index link contracts were amended to refer to ICI from NEWC, as ICI is more relevant

2019

Notes:
 1. Including 2018 new contracts

Ownership structure



Financial metrics (US\$M)

Financial year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	1Q20
OB Removal (mbcm)	348.1	297.0	275.7	272.5	299.8	340.2	392.5	380.1	87.3
Revenue	843	695	607	566	611	765	892	882	194
Revenue ex. fuel	740	635	583	551	584	727	822	824	175
EBITDA	238	188	186	186	217	281	298	236	63
% margin ³	32.1%	29.7%	32.0%	33.8%	37.1%	38.6%	36.2%	28.6%	35.9%
Net debt	885	674	633	568	497	488	602	577	566 ⁴
Net Debt to EBITDA	3.7x	3.6x	3.4x	3.0x	2.3x	1.7x	2.0x	2.4x	2.4x ⁴

1. Full ownership less one share
2. All current debt is at BUMA level
3. Calculated as EBITDA divided by revenue ex. Fuel
4. Amount of outstanding debt per 31 March 2020 includes capitalized operating leases as a result of new PSAK 73, implemented prospectively effective 1 January 2020.

PT Delta Dunia Makmur Tbk.

- ▶ Established in 1990, listed in IDX as DOID in 2001.
- ▶ TPG, GIC, CIC and Northstar, together as Northstar Tambang Persada Ltd. own 37.9% with remainder owned by public shareholders
- ▶ Holding company of PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama (“BUMA”), one of the leading coal mining services contractor in Indonesia
- ▶ BUMA, acquired in 2009, is the primary operating of DOID

PT Bukit Makmur Mandiri Utama

- ▶ Established in 1998, and wholly owned by PT Delta Dunia Makmur (DOID) since 2009
- ▶ Strong #2 mining contractor in Indonesia with c.15% market share
- ▶ Customers include largest and lowest cost coal producers in Indonesia and new players with high potential for future growth
- ▶ Secured long-term, life of mine contracted volume
- ▶ Close to 2,900 high quality equipment from Komatsu, Caterpillar and Scania
- ▶ Around 12,500 employees

Delta Dunia senior management



Hagianto Kumala, *President Director* 23+ years

- Has served as President Director of Delta Dunia since 2009
- Previously held various senior roles in Astra Group, including UNTR



Rani Sofjan, *Director* 25+ years

- Has served as Director of Delta Dunia since 2009
- Also serves as an Executive Director of PT Northstar Pacific Capital



Eddy Porwanto, *Finance Director* 26+ years

- Serves as Delta Dunia as Director and BUMA Commissioner since 2014
- Previously a Director at Archipelago Resources and Garuda Indonesia

BUMA senior management

Ronald Sutardja, *President Director* 26+ years

- Appointed VP Director in June 2012, President Director in March 2014
- Previously a Director at PT Trikomsel Oke Tbk

Una Lindasari, *Finance Director* 31+ years

- Appointed as Director in August 2014
- Previously CFO of Noble Group from 2008

Sorimuda Pulungan, *Operations Director* 20+ years

- Appointed as Director in January 2012
- Experienced in mining industry (gold/nickel/coal)



Indra Kanoena, *Plant Director / HR & GA* 21+ years

- Appointed as Director in January 2013
- Previously held various senior positions in Human Resources areas

Iwan Salim, *Business Unit Director* 24+ years

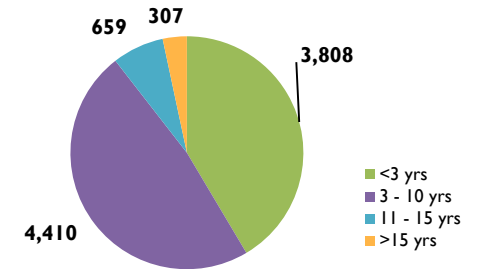
- Appointed Director in May 2019
- Previously a Regional Manager Asia and Middle East in Shell Global Engineering

Experienced BUMA operational team ¹⁾

General manager overview

- 19 people
- 18 years average industry experience
- 7 years average tenure with BUMA

Years of service

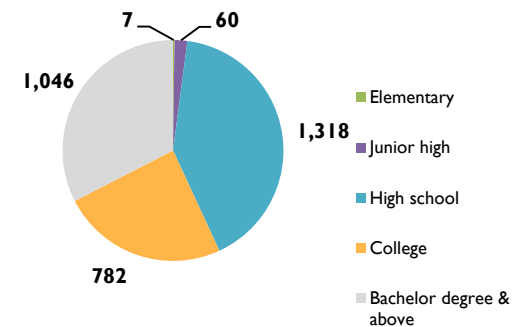


Skilled workers: 9,184 employees

Manager overview

- 79 people
- 17 years average industry experience
- 9 years average tenure with BUMA

Employees education



Leadership positions: 3,261 employees

¹⁾ Data as per March 31, 2020

Management's vision and experienced BUMA operational team is key to the resilient performance of the Company



Company overview



Key investment highlights

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Appendix

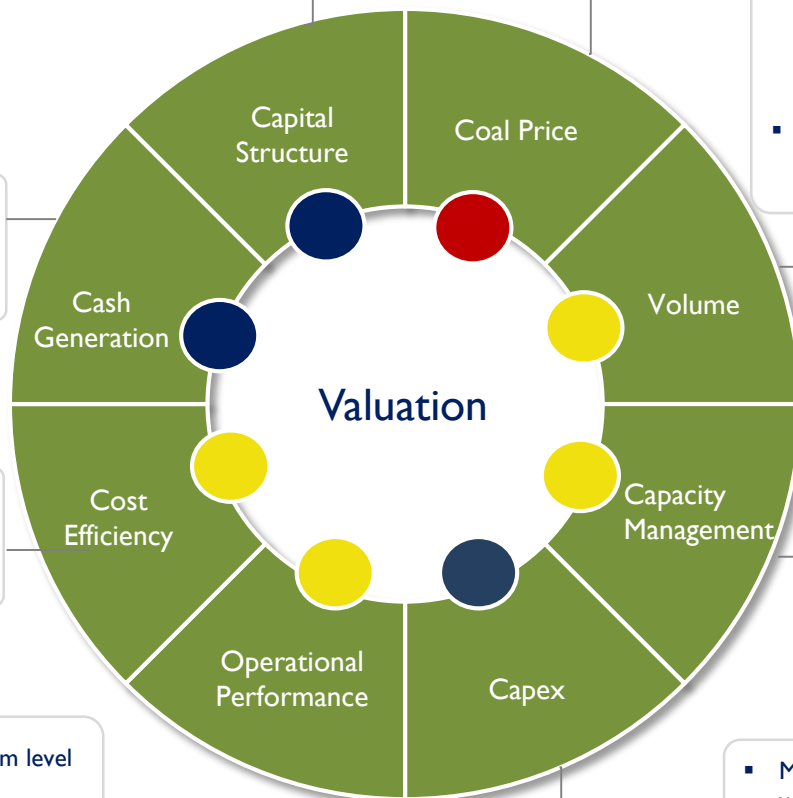
Sustainable debt structure with relatively low cost of fund.

- Remaining healthily leveraged with net debt to EBITDA of 2.4x in March 2020
- Sufficient headroom to incur additional debt, if necessary

- Tight receivable collections
- Optimizing capital expenditure
- Prudent working capital management

- Right-sizing of production capacity and resources
- Improving cost efficiency through effective inventory management and maintenance program

- Utilization Asset (UA) rate is currently not at optimum level given various conditions i.e. rain, temporary volume slowdown, COVID-19
- Optimum level of UA leads to higher productivity with less amount of equipment, creating domino effect of reduction to various operating costs.



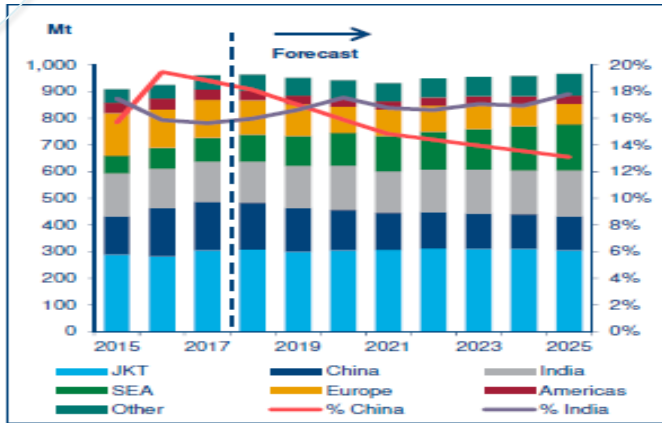
- China imported 95.8MT in 1Q20, up by 28% yoy. In March, the import was as high as 27.8MT or up by 18% yoy due to the disruption of non operation domestic mines impacted from the pandemic. (Source: Argus)
- Indonesia has produced 148.0MT for 1Q20 vs 147.8MT last year. (Source: MEMR)
- India 54 days lockdown which started end of March has caused coal price to slump with 70% of industrial shutdown. Import is down by 30% yoy for April. (Source: Economic Times)
- China recent unofficial ban on Australia coal, instructing all power plant to stop importing Australian coal has impacted the NEWC. (Source: Financial Review)

- Securing long term contracts
- COVID-19 caused uncertainty in global economy, including coal market; potential risk for lower volume in 2020

- The right fleet mix and deployment to generate optimum asset utilization and highest productivity.
- Current excess capacity allows headroom to accommodate new volume and/or reduce capex spending.

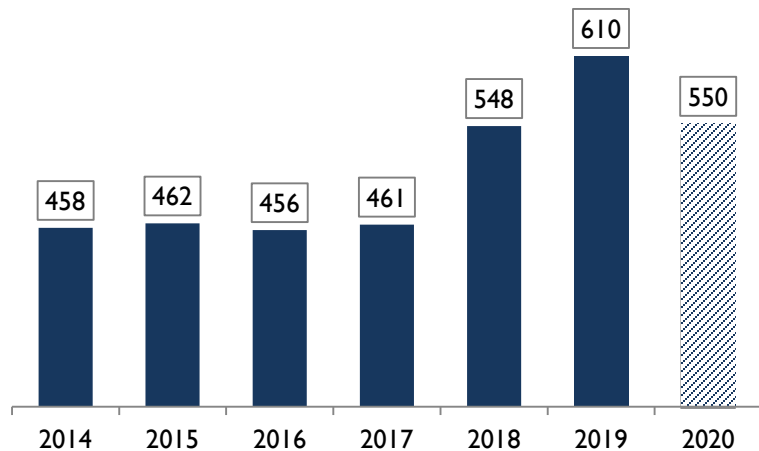
- Major maintenance cycle peaked in 2018 and capex will be normalized for next few years.
- Optimizing existing capacity allows for minimum capex spending, therefore preserving liquidity.

Global seaborne thermal coal import demand



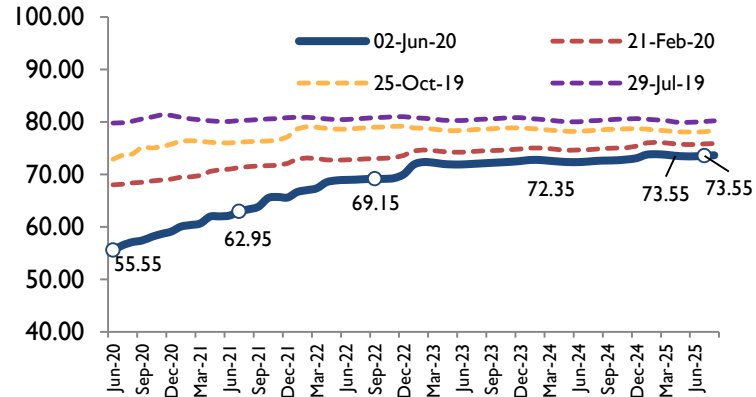
Source: Wood Mackenzie

Indonesia Coal Production (MT)



Source: MEMR Website

Coal futures



Source: www.barchart.com ICE Newcastle futures

Coal price trend



Source: Platts' FOB Newcastle 6,300 GAR and NEWC index Bloomberg

Coal price

- Overall global production is expected to increase by 0.5% yoy in 2020 and grow in the next 4 years to 2023 with a CAGR of 2.5%.
- China's supply control remains key factor to sustain global coal price
- China is expected to promote the use of domestic coal by tightening import rules, starting with shipments from Australia.

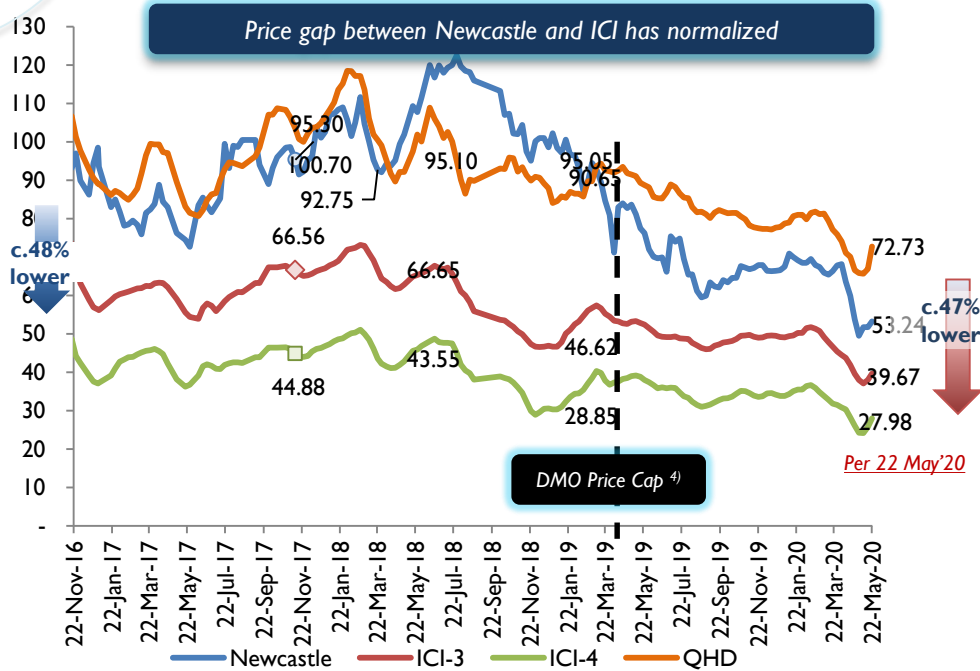
Coal demand

- China and India account to 62% of total Indonesia coal export in 2019.
- China expects 2020 total coal import to be similar as 2019.
- India expects total imports to decline by 17-21% from last year actual of 188MT

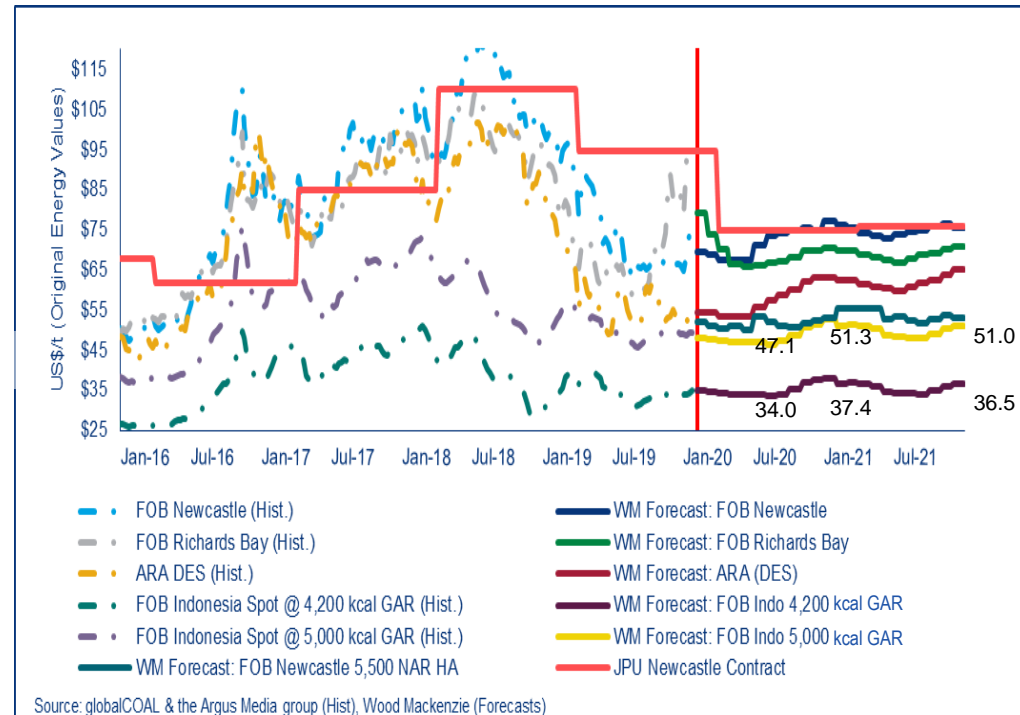
DMO price cap

- DMO selling price intended for domestic power plant of US\$70 or HBA whichever is lower has been extended in 2020, but will have no effect at the current coal price level
- Indonesian coal producers who failed to meet their DMO targets will be fined instead of reducing production (Wood Mackenzie)

Newcastle, QHD vs. ICI (US\$/t) ³⁾



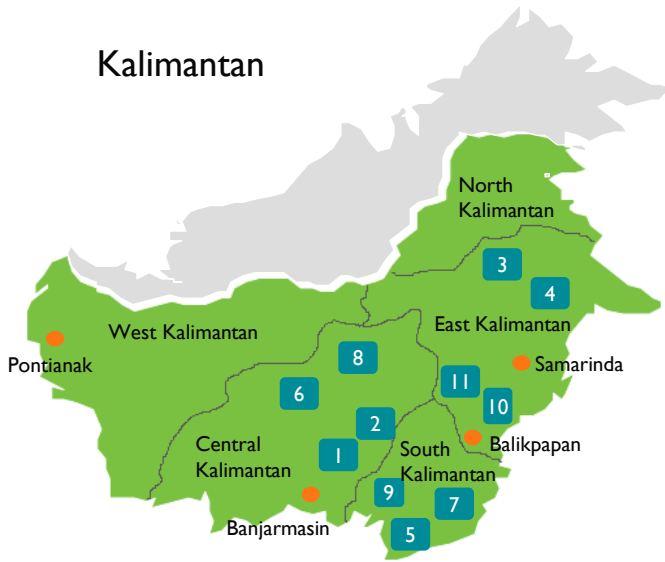
Key thermal coal price forecast (US\$/t) ⁵⁾



- ▶ Brent Crude oil dropped to the lowest point of \$22 per barrel in 18 years causing negative sentiment to overall market, pressuring the coal market given that oil makes for a cheaper alternative. Newcastle declined further by 38% in April due to restrictive unofficial ban towards Australian coal.
- ▶ In late March, COVID-19 resulted in shutdown on businesses in a number of countries, causing lower demand in coal, especially the 54 days extended lockdown by India. Recently in May, ICI coal price started to rebound due to the reopening of business globally and supply cut by Indonesia producers.

Notes

1. ICI-3 is index related to Indonesian 5,000 GAR / 4,600 NAR
2. ICI-4 is index related to Indonesian 4,200 GAR / 3,800 NAR
3. Latest data is as of 22 May 2020
4. Regulation stating price cap on coal for domestic consumption went effective as of 9 March 2018.
5. Source: Wood Mackenzie



No	Customers	Existing Contract Period
1	Adaro (Paringin) ³⁾	2009-2022
2	Kideco ³⁾	2004-2020 ⁴⁾
3	Berau Coal (Lati) ³⁾	2012-2025
4	Berau Coal (Binungan) ³⁾	2003-2020 ⁵⁾
5	Sungai Danau Jaya (SDJ) ¹⁾	2015-2023 ¹⁾
6	Tadjahan Antang Mineral (TAM)	2015-2025
7	Angsana Jaya Energi (AJE)	2016-2021
8	Pada Idi (PAD)	2017-2027 ¹⁾
9	Tanah Bumbu Resources (TBR) ¹⁾	2018-2024 ¹⁾
10	Insani Baraperkasa (IBP) ³⁾	2018-2025
11	Indonesia Pratama (IPR)	2018-2026

BUMA is deeply entrenched with its customers

berau coal



20 years



16 years



14 years



4 years



3 years

Years of relationship



2 year

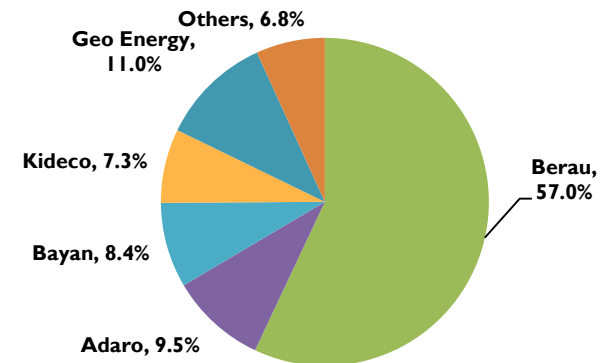


2 year

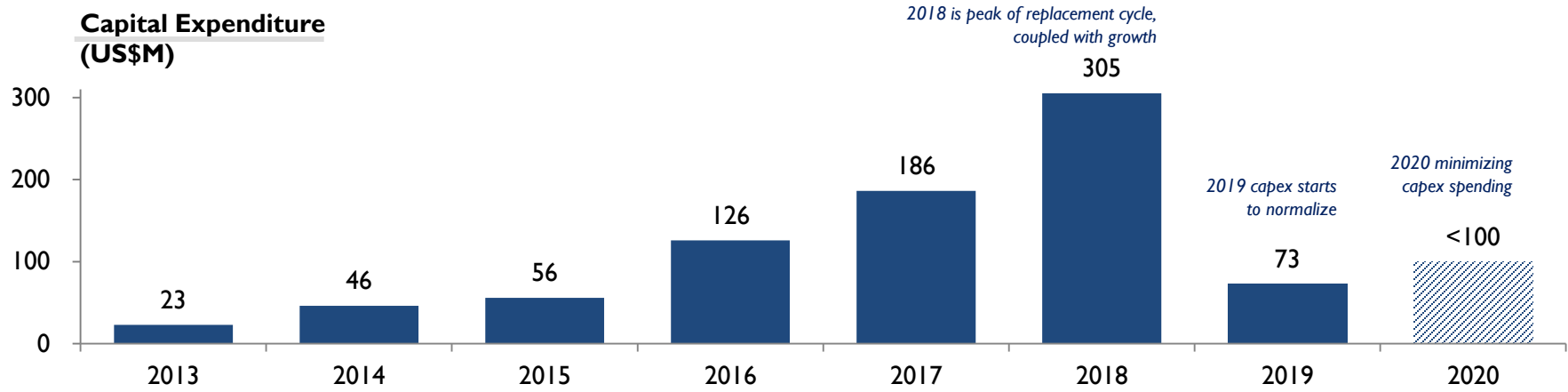


2 year

Contribution to BUMA volume (%) ²⁾



1) Life of mine contract
 2) Based on 1Q 2020
 3) CCoW licensed
 4) Extended to 2020 – no extension beyond 2020
 5) Term sheet is signed to extend the contract to 2025



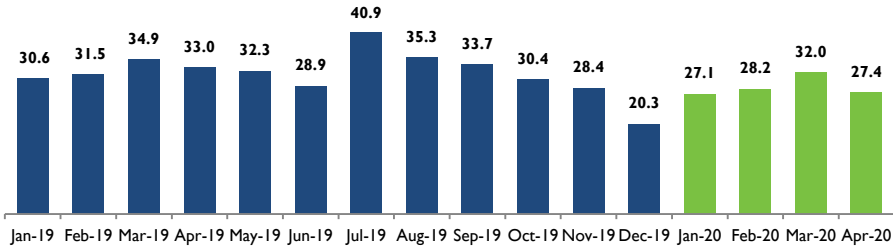
Currently has excess capacity due to ramp up from beginning of 2019 and weak uncertain coal market in 2020

Excess capacity can accommodate new volume or utilized for replacement

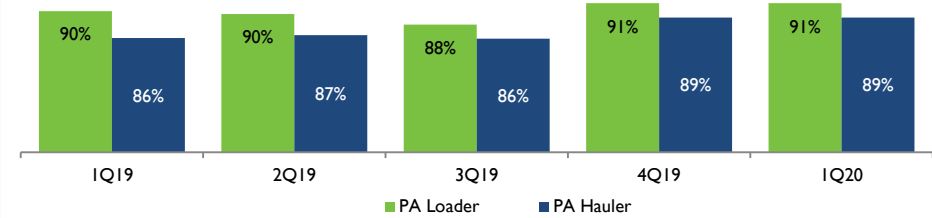
Optimizing existing capacity is one key factor to achieve efficiency and cash preservation amidst current situation

Capex spending is expected to remain low for the next few years

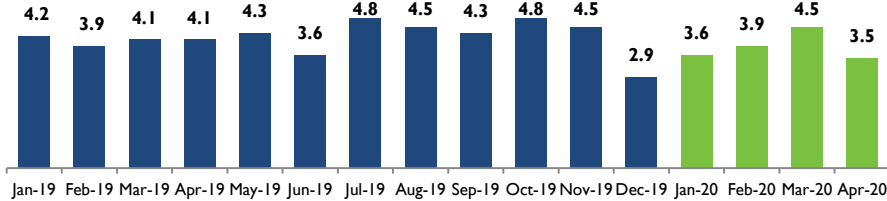
Overburden Removal (MBCM)



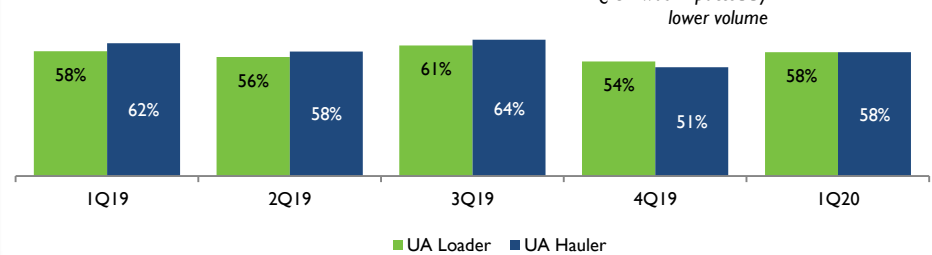
Physical Availability (PA) (%)



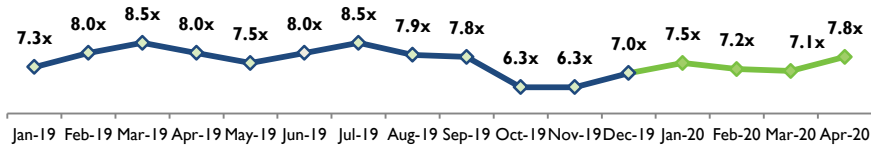
Coal (MT)



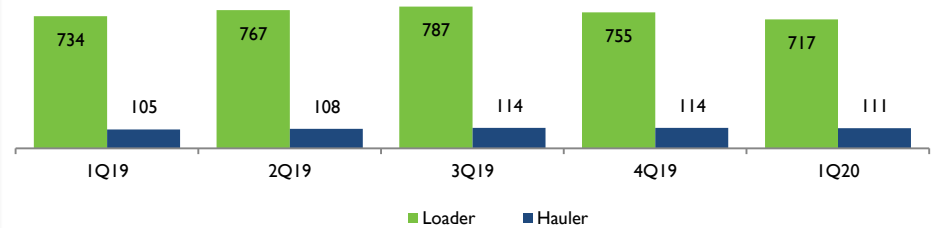
Utilization of Availability (UA) (%)



Implied Strip Ratio (x)

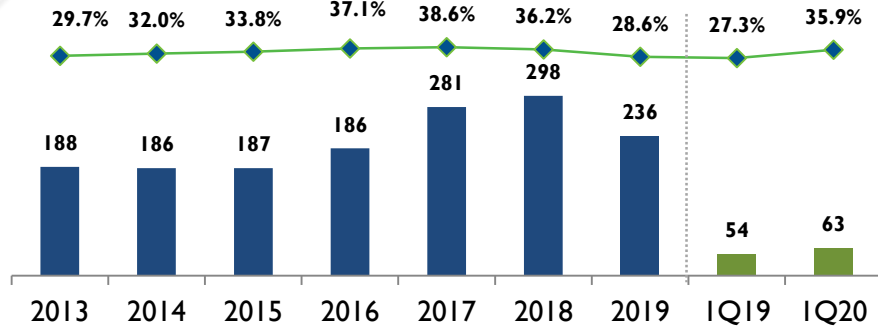


Productivity (bcm/hour)

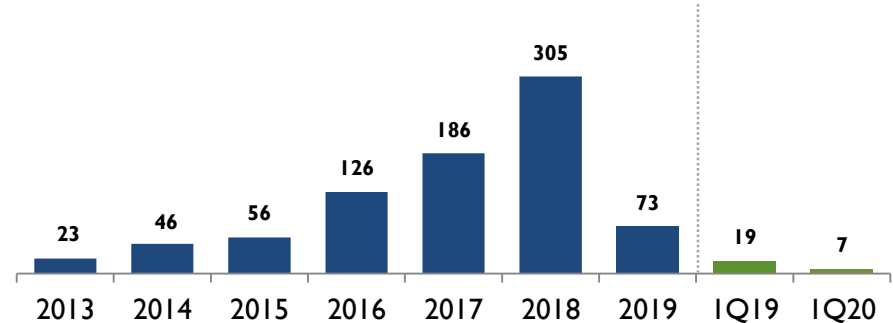


Liquidity management – EBITDA improvement and strict capex monitoring

EBITDA (US\$M) and EBITDA margin (%)

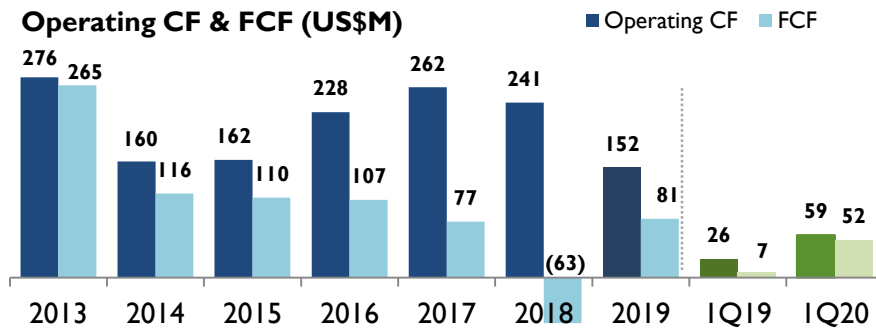


Capex (US\$M)

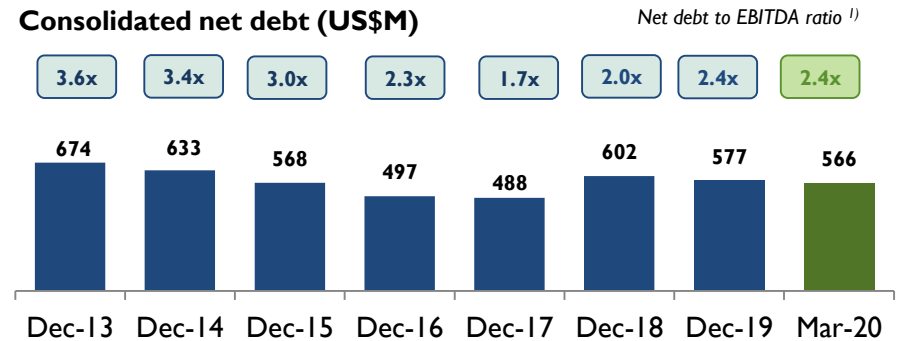


Generating cash flows and deleverage

Operating CF & FCF (US\$M)



Consolidated net debt (US\$M)



EBITDA generation

Liquidity management

Positive FCF generation

Minimize capital expenditure and cost reduction to maintain positive cashflow

¹ Amount of outstanding debt per 31 March 2020 includes capitalized operating leases as a result of new PSAK 73, implemented prospectively effective 1 January 2020.

Current Debt Structure

US\$350 million Senior Notes

- Coupon of 7.75% p.a.
- Tenor of 5NC3 – ending 2022
- Settlement at maturity (no amortization)
- Secured by DSRA

US\$100 million MUFG Bilateral Loan Facility

- Originally (i) US\$50m term loan, (ii) US\$50m committed RCF, and (iii) US\$50m uncommitted RCF
- Interest of LIBOR+3% p.a.
- Tenor of 4 years from February 2017
- Straight-line amortization
- On February 2019, a US\$50m uncommitted RCF tranche has been fully repaid and terminated
- Outstanding at March 2020 appx. US\$25 million

US\$100 million Syndicated Loan Facility

- US\$66.7m term loan + US\$33.3m RCF
- Tenor of ~3years
- Interest of LIBOR+2% p.a.
- Straight-line amortization on term loan
- Bullet repayment for RCF
- MUFG as Mandated Lead Arranger and Bookrunner
- Outstanding at March 2020 appx. US\$80 million

Various Finance Leases

- Average cost of LIBOR + 4%
- Tenor 4 – 5 years, some extendable to 7 years
- Straight-line installments
- Outstanding at March 2020 appx. US\$225 million

Cash flow and operational flexibility to support future growth

Lower cost of funding to accommodate ongoing growth

▶ Relatively healthy debt ratio at net debt to EBITDA 2.4x

◆ Liquidity remains sufficient and adequate headroom is available

◆ Wide access to capital funding needed for the growth



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Appendix

Measures	IQ19	4Q19	IQ20	IQ20	
				QoQ	YoY
Overburden Removal (MBCM)	97.0	79.0	87.3	↑ 10%	↓ 10%
Revenues (US\$ M)	214	191	194	↑ 1%	↓ 9%
EBITDA (US\$ M)	54	39	63	↑ 61%	↑ 17%
EBITDA Margin (%)	27.3%	21.7%	35.9%	↑ 14.2%	↑ 8.7%
Operating Profit	17	3	24	↑ 797%	↑ 45%
Operating Profit Margin (%)	8.5%	1.5%	13.9%	↑ 12.4%	↑ 5.3%
Net Profit (US\$ M)	1	(8)	(23)	↓ 184%	↓ n.m.

- ▶ Volume was lower mainly from coal market uncertainty for 2020, worsened by COVID-19 situation around the globe.
- ▶ EBITDA improved as a result of right-sizing and better asset utilization in IQ20.
- ▶ Net loss was mainly from foreign exchange losses due to sharp weakening of Rupiah.
- ▶ Coal market was impacted by COVID19 pandemic, currently still weak and uncertain.
- ▶ The Company expects reduction in volume and pricing; risking a slowdown in performance for the remainder of the year.

HIGHLIGHTS OF CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

(in US\$ mn unless otherwise stated)

Volume	IQ20	IQ19	YoY
OB Removal (mbcm)	87.3	97.0	-10%
Coal (mt)	12.0	12.2	-1%
Profitability	IQ20	IQ19	YoY
Revenues	194	214	-9%
EBITDA	63	54	17%
EBITDA Margin	35.9%	27.3%	8.7%
Operating Profit	24	17	45%
Operating Margin	13.9%	8.5%	5.3%
Net Profit	(23)	1	n.m.
EPS (in Rp)	(37)	2	n.m.
Cash Flows	IQ20	IQ19	YoY
Capital Expenditure ⁴⁾	7	19	-63%
Operating Cash Flow	59	26	128%
Free Cash Flow ³⁾	52	7	622%
Balance Sheet	Mar-20	Dec-19	Δ
Cash Position ¹⁾	136	133	2
Net Debt ^{2) 5)}	566	577	(11)

HIGHLIGHTS OF CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

(in US\$ mn unless otherwise stated)

Volume	IQ19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	IQ20
OB Removal (mbcm)	97.0	94.1	110.0	79.0	87.3
Coal (mt)	12.2	12.0	13.6	12.2	12.0
Financials	IQ19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	IQ20
Revenues	214	221	255	191	194
EBITDA	54	57	86	39	63
EBITDA Margin	27.3%	28.4%	35.0%	21.7%	35.9%
Operating Profit	17	20	49	3	24
Operating Margin	8.5%	10.0%	20.0%	1.5%	13.9%
Net Profit (Loss)	1	3	24	(8)	(23)
Cash	IQ19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	IQ20
Operating cash flows	26	47	22	57	59
Free cash flows	7	24	6	44	52

Notes:

- 1) Cash position includes other financial assets.
- 2) Debt includes only the outstanding contractual liabilities.
- 3) Net profit (loss) without foreign exchange gain or loss, and impairment loss
- 4) Capital expenditures as recognized per accounting standards
- 5) Amount of outstanding debt per 31 March 2020 includes capitalized operating leases as a result of new PSAK 73, implemented prospectively effective 1 January 2020.

Liquidity preservation is the focus in the Company's strategy to address potential prolonged impact of Covid-19.

PSAK No. 73 was implemented prospectively effective 1 January 2020. This impacts on operating leases recording, increasing fixed assets and leases liabilities, while reducing rental expenses in exchange with additional depreciation expenses

QUARTERLY PROGRESSION													
<i>(in US\$ mn unless otherwise stated)</i>													
Volume	Units	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
OB Removal (mbcm)	mbcm	83.1	91.3	82.6	79.8	89.6	114.6	108.5	97.0	94.1	110.0	79.0	87.3
Coal (mt)	mt	9.9	10.5	9.6	9.7	10.2	10.4	12.0	12.2	12.0	13.6	12.2	12.0
Financials	Units	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Revenues	US\$m	180	198	206	182	202	254	254	214	221	255	191	194
EBITDA	US\$m	61	76	74	57	64	98	79	54	57	86	39	63
EBITDA Margin	%	35.7%	40.2%	38.2%	34.0%	33.7%	41.3%	34.6%	27.3%	28.4%	35.0%	21.7%	35.9%
Operating Profit	US\$m	35	47	44	26	30	64	43	17	20	49	3	24
Operating Profit Margin	%	20.4%	25.2%	23.0%	15.6%	16.2%	26.8%	19.0%	8.5%	10.0%	20.0%	1.5%	13.9%
Net Profit (Loss)	US\$m	(15)	23	15	10	8	32	26	1	3	24	(8)	(23)
Recurring Profit (Loss)	US\$m	18	25	23	11	12	37	27	1	4	28	(33)	2
Units Financials	Units	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Cash costs ex fuel per bcm	US\$	1.08	0.98	1.14	1.15	1.15	1.03	1.12	1.20	1.25	1.19	1.36	1.03
Cash costs ex fuel per bcm/km	US\$	0.40	0.40	0.45	0.43	0.44	0.37	0.40	0.42	0.44	0.42	0.47	0.36
Operational Metrics	Units	2Q17	3Q17	4Q17	1Q18	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
PA – Loader ¹⁾	%	91.1	91.3	91.1	91.7	91.8	89.4	89.3	89.9	89.5	88.3	90.7	90.9
PA – Hauler ¹⁾	%	90.2	89.6	88.5	88.1	88.9	88.3	87.4	86.1	86.5	86.3	89.3	88.7
UA – Loader ²⁾	%	56.7	54.3	51.8	52.8	53.2	64.3	58.1	58.4	55.7	61.1	53.6	57.5
UA – Hauler ²⁾	%	56.9	56.4	54.7	54.3	54.3	66.1	61.9	62.2	58.3	63.9	50.9	57.8
Productivity – Loader	bcm/hour	803	780	744	730	738	738	727	734	767	787	755	717
Productivity – Hauler	bcm/hour	119	118	114	108	109	110	106	105	108	114	114	111
Average rain hours ³⁾	hour	69	53	73	82	60	42	65	81	70	27	68	98

- ▶ Cost reduction and right sizing have started to show effectiveness to overall margin in 1Q20
- ▶ Net profit was affected by forex losses due to steep fluctuation in Rupiah falling by almost 18% in 1Q20 against US Dollar
- ▶ Cost efficiency remains the focus of the Company to address the Covid-19 situation

Notes:

- 1) Availability refers to % of available time equipment was operating based on production schedule
- 2) Utilization refers to % of physical available time equipment was operating
- 3) Average rain hours per site per month

BUMA CURRENT CONDITION

POSITIVE : 16

PDP : 9

SITE	Positive	STAT.
LATI	1	OPERATIONAL*
BIN	3	OPERATIONAL*
ADARO	3	OPERATIONAL*
KIDECO	0	OPERATIONAL*
SDJ	2	OPERATIONAL*
PAD	0	CLOSE OUT
IBP	0	OPERATIONAL*
IPR	7	STOPPED FOR 1.5 MONTHS, NOW OPERATIONAL*
HO	0	WFH

*With lockdown mode for site operation.

Workplace readiness

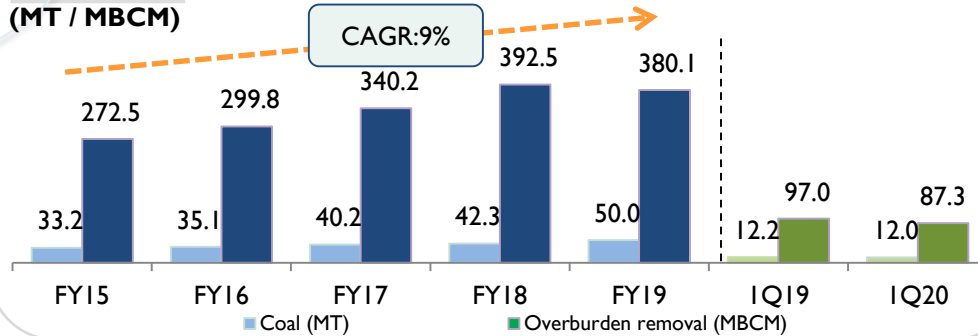
- COVID-19 policy and grouping implementation
- Contact tracking organization available
- Mess quarantine is ready
- Rapid and PCR Testing ready
- Availability dashboard report for Fatigue management, mask & social distancing report

Managing further infectious spread and positive cases

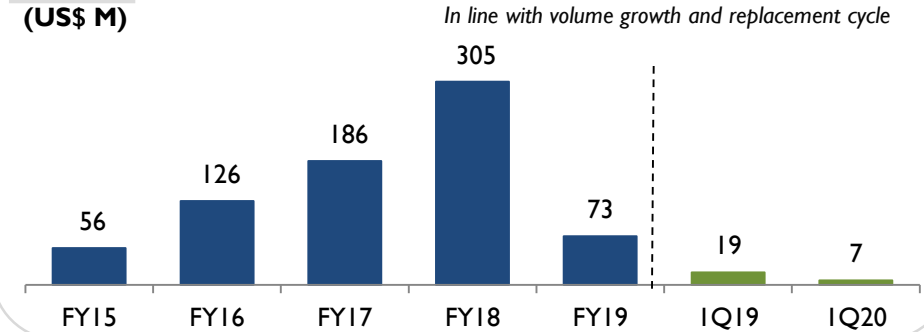
- Rapid test screening process prior entering the site. (During changeover roster)
- PDP (patient under surveillance) who tested positive in rapid test will need to take PCR for confirmation
- Quarantine for positive and suspected cases

Company strategy in addressing COVID-19 threat

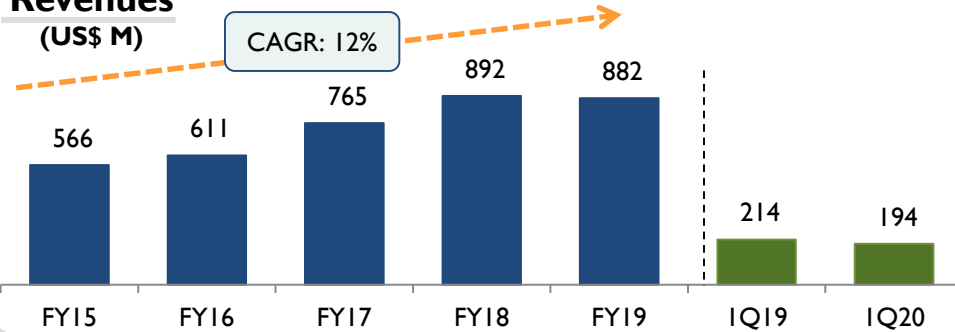
Volume (MT / MBCM)



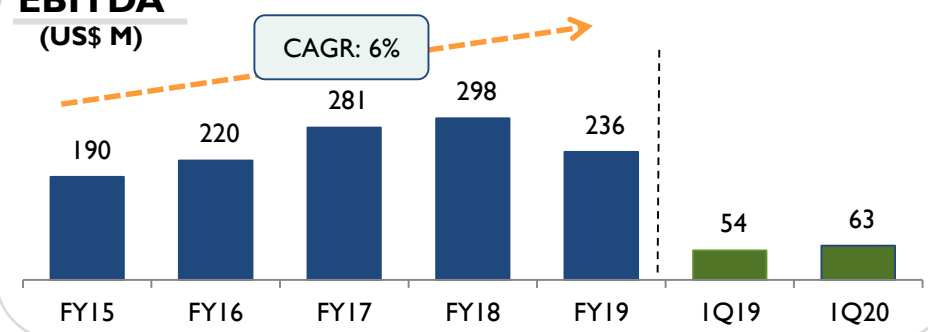
Capex (US\$ M)



Revenues (US\$ M)



EBITDA (US\$ M)



- ▶ OB Volume is at 9% CAGR for the past 4 years. IQ20 volume declined 10% YoY given the coal market remaining weak and uncertain. Covid-19 has minimal impact on IQ20 given slowdowns and shutdowns just started happening around mid-March.
- ▶ Capex significantly declined to \$73mn in 2019, as major replacement cycle ended in 2018. Capex is expected to be minimal at <\$100mn for 2020, as minimizing capex and optimizing cost reduction and asset utilization will be the main focuses in liquidity preservation amid the Covid-19 environment.
- ▶ In the past, Revenue and EBITDA grew at a 12% and 6% CAGR, respectively; supported by sustainable coal price and higher production volumes



Company overview

Key investment highlights

Financial overview

 **Appendix**

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	Mar-20	Dec-19	YTD
Cash and cash equivalents	117	87	34%
Other financial assets - current	19	46	-59%
Trade receivables - current	210	223	-6%
Other current assets	108	116	-6%
Fixed assets - net	587	590	0%
Other non-current assets	77	120	-36%
TOTAL ASSETS	1,118	1,182	-5%
Trade payables	66	85	-22%
LT liabilities - current	129	122	6%
Other current liabilities	44	50	-14%
LT liabilities - non current	566	581	-3%
Other non-current liabilities	55	63	-12%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	860	901	-5%
TOTAL EQUITY	258	281	-8%

Financial Ratios ¹⁾

	IQ20	IQ19
Gross margin	19.6%	15.0%
Operating margin	13.9%	8.5%
EBITDA margin	35.9%	27.3%
Pretax margin	-10.2%	2.3%
Net margin	-13.0%	0.7%

Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and OCI

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	IQ20	IQ19	YoY
Net revenues	194	214	-9%
Revenue excl. fuel	175	197	-11%
Cost of revenues	(159)	(184)	-14%
Gross profit	34	29	17%
Operating expenses	(10)	(13)	-20%
Finance cost	(14)	(15)	-6%
Others - net	(29)	2	n.m.
Pretax profit	(18)	5	n.m.
Tax expense	(5)	(3)	48%
Profit (loss) for the period	(23)	1	n.m.
Other comprehensive income (loss) - net	(0)	1	-120%
Comprehensive income	(23)	2	n.m.
EBITDA	63	54	17%
Basic EPS (in Rp) ³⁾	(37)	2	n.m.

Notes:

1) Margins are based on net revenues excluding fuel

2) Reported Basic EPS translated into Rp using average exchange rate of Rp14,234 and Rp14,139 for IQ20 and IQ19, respectively.

Statements of Financial Position

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	Mar-20	Dec-19	YTD
Cash	98	69	43%
Restricted cash in bank - current	2	29	-92%
Trade receivables - current	210	223	-6%
Due from related party - current	94	94	0%
Other current assets	108	115	-6%
Fixed assets - net	586	589	-1%
Other non-current assets	76	120	-36%
TOTAL ASSETS	1,174	1,239	-5%
Trade payables	66	85	-22%
LT liabilities - current	129	122	6%
Other current liabilities	44	52	-18%
LT liabilities - non-current	565	581	-3%
Other non-current liabilities	55	63	-12%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	859	903	-5%
TOTAL EQUITY	315	336	-6%

Financial Ratios ¹⁾

	IQ20	IQ19
Gross margin	19.6%	15.0%
Operating margin	14.2%	8.9%
EBITDA margin	36.2%	27.5%
Pretax margin	-9.0%	2.3%
Net margin	-11.9%	0.7%

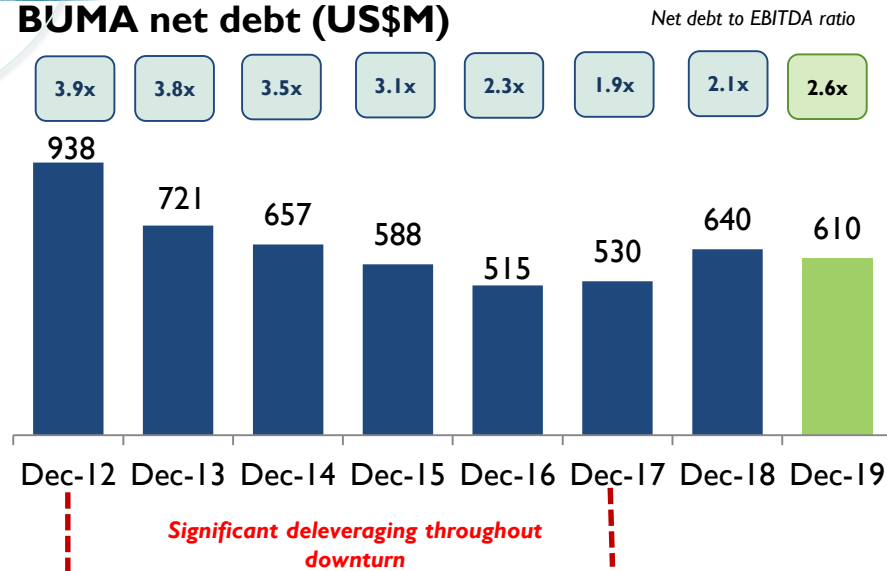
Statements of Profit or Loss and OCI

<i>In US\$ mn (unless otherwise stated)</i>	IQ20	IQ19	YoY
Net revenues	194	214	-9%
Revenue excl. fuel	175	197	-11%
Cost of revenues	(159)	(184)	-14%
Gross profit	34	29	17%
Operating expenses	(10)	(12)	-21%
Finance cost	(14)	(15)	-6%
Others - net	(27)	2	n.m
Pretax profit	(16)	5	n.m
Tax expense	(5)	(3)	62%
Profit (loss) for the period	(21)	1	n.m
Other comprehensive income (loss) - net	(0)	1	n.m
Comprehensive income	(21)	2	n.m
EBITDA	63	54	17%

Notes:

1) Margins are based on net revenues excluding fuel.

BUMA net debt (US\$M)



Net debt to EBITDA ratio

Management actions:

- Early engagement with lenders for funding flexibility
- Discussion to secure bond consent for more flexible secured debt covenant was commenced in Q4 2018
- Discussion to secure additional facility also commenced in late Q3 to early Q4 2018

Bond Consent 2018

- Increase capacity for secured debt by 12.5% of Total Adjusted Assets, subject to applicable incurrence test
- ✓ To increase Company's funding flexibility to finance its capital expenditure and working capital

New Facility 2019 (MUFG)

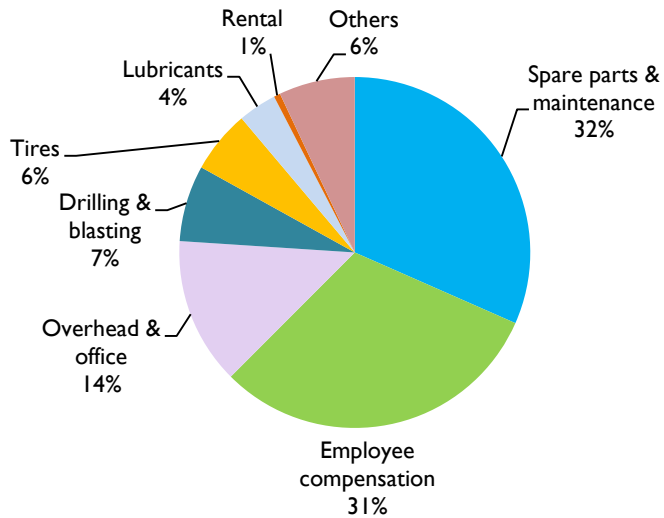
- Raised a total of US\$150 million facility intended to be a standby facility
- ✓ US\$66.67million term loan + US\$33.33 million revolving
- ✓ LIIBOR + 200 bps → lowest cost of funding for BUMA
- First round of drawdown was used to repay existing revolving facility which costs higher
- ✓ US\$50 million uncommitted revolving facility was fully repaid and terminated

Prudent debt management

- Proactive debt management led to multiple timely restructuring / re-profiling of its debt throughout BUMA's history
- Restructuring / re-profiling were done to achieve more favorable terms in accordance to Company's needs at each respective time (i.e. tenor, amortization, covenants, pricing etc.)
- No history of discounting outstanding debt throughout all negotiations with creditors
- During coal industry downturn, conducted significant voluntary deleveraging to achieve healthier debt level through prudent liquidity management



BUMA's cash cost ex fuel (1Q20)



Key cost reduction initiatives

Spareparts & maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Increased inventory levels to ensure continuity in maintenance, established in-house capabilities to address future scarcity issues, and extended component life through condition-based monitoring
Employee compensation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Transitioned from 3-shifts to 2-shifts to naturally segregate the most qualified pool of employees, maintained right sized headcount, and improved productivity by equipment usage optimization
Drilling & blasting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Optimized drilling & blasting process to reduce explosive usage and deliver quality blasting
Tires	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Deliver efficient and consistent tire monitoring process



Thank You

